State of New Hampshire Banking Department

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In re the Matter of:

Department,

and

Debbie A. Knecht

and

State of New Hampshire Banking

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Inc,

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) Case No.: 07-068

) Recommended Decision by the Presiding

) Officer

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Complainant,

Capital Quest Financial Services,

Respondent

Recommended Decision

The Complainant had the burden of establishing a prima facie case that a violation of the chapter or an unfair and deceptive trade practice had occurred. For the reasons set forth below I find that she met that burden. For the reasons further set forth below I find the proper amount of restitution to be \$2,198.63.

Procedural Background and Authority

Pursuant to RSA 383:10-d the commissioner shall have exclusive authority and jurisdiction to investigate conduct that is or may be an unfair or deceptive act or practice under RSA 358-A and exempt under RSA 358-A:3, I or that may violate any of the provisions of Titles XXXV and XXXVI and administrative rules adopted thereunder. The Commissioner may hold hearings

relative to such conduct and may order restitution for a person or persons adversely affected by such conduct.

On January 3, 2007, the New Hampshire Banking Department ("Department") received a complaint from Complainant regarding Respondent. On review, the Commissioner determined that the initial documents submitted contained a factual discrepancy between the parties, and that a proper determination of what restitution is due, if any, would best be determined by an administrative hearing wherein each party would have an opportunity to present their evidence to an appointed Presiding Officer.

I was appointed Presiding Officer. In preparation for the hearing, I requested a Bank Examiner perform an analysis of the loan file. His analysis was provided to the parties and formed the basis of his testimony.

The Respondent submitted a list of exhibits, now identified as Exhibits A-G, and consented to having the loan file submitted as Exhibit H once non-public personal information was redacted.

The hearing was convened on May 3, 2007. As stated in the Notice of Hearing and reiterated at the hearing, the Respondent was charged with answering the question of whether it had violated a provision of the New Hampshire Banking Laws or committed an unfair or deceptive trade practice. If the Presiding Officer determined that such a violation had occurred, then he must then determine what restitution may be due to the Complainant for the violation.

Findings of Fact, Rulings of Law

On the date of hearing there was testimony from the Complainant, Debbie Knecht; Michael Poulios, a bank examiner; and Sean McGuire and Therese Veysey, the President of Respondent and loan officer for the subject loan, respectively, on behalf of Respondent.

Both parties further submitted memoranda after the hearing. Neither of these could reasonably be construed as proposed findings of fact or rulings of law, however, to the extent they were helpful in my analysis of this cause, I have used them herein.

Ms. Knecht's principal complaint concerned the change in payment from the initial quote to the final product. There was contradictory testimony on the topic of when she received a Good Faith Estimate (GFE). There was uncontraverted testimony that the original payment terms were based on inaccurate estimates of homeowners and flood insurance premiums provided by the seller of the property. I hereby find as fact that the change in payment terms was inside the norms experienced by the industry and, therefore, make a ruling of law that this discrepancy did not constitute an unfair and deceptive act or a violation of the Chapter.

During the course of this matter, I became aware of a separate issue regarding the preparation of the initial GFE and a possible violation of the Chapter by the Respondent. In this context the Respondent has the burden to prove compliance with the Chapter. Ms. Veysey, Mr. McGuire, and Bank Examiner Poulios all testified regarding an undated GFE which appeared to be signed by Ms. Knecht, submitted as part of exhibit H. It is hereto attached because of its significance to this decision.

The undated GFE does not disclose the Mortgage Broker Fee. Bank
Examiner Poulios' uncontraverted testimony on this topic indicates that both
federal and state laws require any Mortgage Broker Fees to be disclosed at
GFE stage. On further questioning Mr. Poulios stated that the Department
regularly cites licensees when they fail to disclose that fee in the GFE.
There was testimony regarding the uncertainty of the amount of the Mortgage
Broker Fee at the time of GFE disclosure when it is received as a Yield
Spread Premium from the lender. Mr. Poulios testified that for that reason
both federal law and state law allowed a range to be used. He further

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testified that both a percent and dollar range are typically disclosed to the borrower. Ms. Veysey admitted in response to my questions that the GFE signed by Ms. Knecht could reasonably be read to mean that Capital Quest would not receive any compensation as a result of their efforts on behalf of Ms. Knecht.

The initial GFE is an integral and important part of the process of shopping for a mortgage loan, which arguably is why it is mandated by federal and state law and tightly controlled and regulated. A material omission from the GFE could wrongfully influence an applicant for a mortgage loan to favor one broker over another who has faithfully disclosed all fees.

Attorney Lapointe, on behalf of Respondents, argued that any harm that may have occurred as a result of the omission on the undated GFE was cured by the subsequent re-disclosure of a GFE that included the Mortgage Broker Fee which shows a preparation date of October 6, 2006. The testimony on this alleged disclosure of the October 6 GFE was conflicting, with the loan officer testifying that it was mailed immediately after its preparation and Ms. Knecht denying having ever received it. Ms. Knecht's testimony was clear that she never received any GFE until closing. The only GFE acknowledged by the Complainant does not disclose the Mortgage Broker Fee. Given the testimony on this issue and the undisputed facts, I make a finding of fact that the October 6 GFE was not provided to the Complainant. I decline to rule, therefore, that this alleged re-disclosure cured the violation of the Chapter that had already occurred. It is fair to conclude in this case that the omission was one of negligence rather than intent given the testimony of the parties which included statements about the loan officer's relative inexperience.

RSA 397-A:16 sets forth that mortgage brokers may only charge fees and points for services when a written disclosure stating the estimated purpose of all fees and expenses is issued within three days of the receipt of a loan

application. It is uncontraverted that the undated GFE, the only one acknowledged by the borrower, does not disclose a Mortgage Broker Fee of \$2,198.63.

I therefore make a ruling of law that Respondent violated RSA 397-A:16 when it collected the Mortgage Broker Fee after having failed to disclose the fee within three business days of application. I further find and make a ruling of law that the proper restitution in this case is a refund of that fee to the borrower.

I therefore submit the attached proposed order for the Commissioner's approval, disapproval or modification.

Respectfully submitted,

/S/

James Shepard, Esq. Presiding Officer

1 State of New Hampshire Banking Department 2 3 In re the Matter of:) Case No.: 07-068 4 State of New Hampshire Banking 5 Department,) ORDER of the Commissioner 6 and 7 Debbie A. Knecht 8 Complainant, 9 and Capital Quest Financial Services, 10 11 Inc, 12 Respondent 13 14 ORDER 15 The Recommended Decision by the Presiding Officer is hereby adopted and I 16 hereby ORDER the Respondent: 17 1. To pay \$2,198.63 to Complainant immediately upon receipt of this 18 order; and 19 2. To furnish evidence of such payment to the Department; and 20 3. To hold a mandatory training class for its loan officers regarding 21 the requirements regarding Good Faith Estimates under both Federal and State law; such training to be held within 30 days of this order 22 and the curriculum for said training to be submitted to the 23 Presiding Officer for approval at least one week prior to the 24

training; and

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4. That a fine of \$1,500 for violation of Chapter 397-A is issued, but suspended on the condition of compliance with the earlier provisions of this Order and on no further violations of the Chapter for one year. /S/ 5/23/07 Date

Peter C. Hildreth Commissioner State of New Hampshire Banking Department



GOOD FAITH ESTIMATE OF SETTLEMENT CHARGES

DATE:	
BORROWER:	
CO-BORROWER:	
MAILING ADDRES	S:
BASED ON THE F	OLLOWING ASSUMPTIONS:
LOAN AMOUNT:	
PURCHASE PRICE:	
RATE:	
TERM:	

This Good Faith Estimate is being provided by CAPITAL QUEST FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC., a mortgage broker, and no lender has been obtained.

The information provided below reflects estimates which you are likely to incur at the ettlement of your loan. The fees listed are estimates – the actual charges may be more o less. Your transaction may not involve a fee for every item listed. The numbers listed beside the estimates generally correspond to the numbered lines contained in the HUD-1 or HUD-1A Settlement Statement which you will be receiving at settlement. The HUD-1 or HUD-1A Settlement Statement will show you the actual cost for items paid at settlement.

These estimates are provided pursuant to the Real Estate Settlement Procedure Act of 1974, as amended (RESPA). Additional information can be found in the HUD Special Information Booklet, which is to be provided to you by your mortgage broker or lender. The undersigned acknowledges receipt of the booklet "Settlement Costs," and the Consumer Handbook on ARM Mortgages, if applicable.

801 Loan Origination Fee	
802 Loan Discount Points	
803 Appraisal Fee	325.00
804 Credit Report Fee	18.00
806 Delivery Fee	45.00
807 Flood Certification Fee	24.00
808 Mortgage Broker Fee	
809 Tax Service Fee	79.00
810 Processing Fee	300.00
811 Underwriting Fee	425.00
901 Prepaid Interest (30 days)	
1101 Settlement or Closing Fee	500.00
1108 Title Insurance (\$3.50 per thousand)	
1201 Recording Fee	70.00
1203 State Tax Stamps (7.50 per thousand)	1
1001 Hazard or Homeowners Insurance Escrow (3mths)	
1002 Mortgage Insurance (PMI) Escrow (2 mths)	
1004 Property Taxes Escrow (6 mths)	
Too Troperty Takes Essere (o mais)	
Estimate Prepaid Items/Escrow:	
Estimated Closing Costs:	
Estillated Closing Costs.	- 40 m
Total Estimated Costs/Prepaids:	
Total Estimated Costs/Tepards.	

Tillie Krecht

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Co-Borrower